



XIX INTERNATIONAL SYMPOSIUM ON AMYLOIDOSIS

MAY 26-30, 2024 – ROCHESTER, MN

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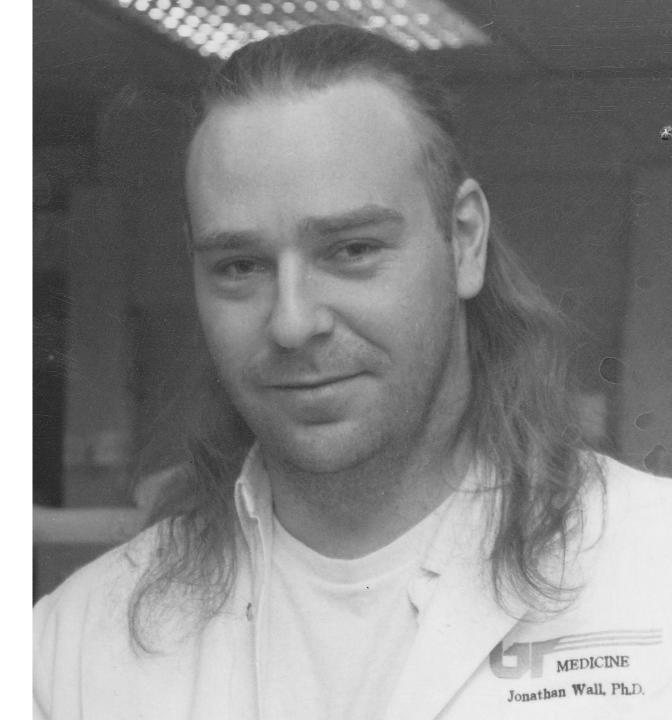
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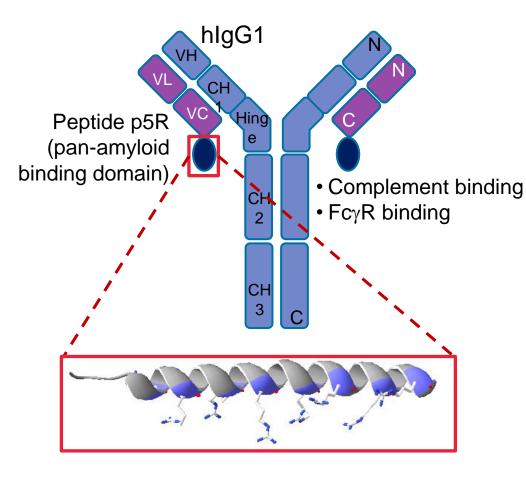
- Founding shareholder and interim CSO of Attralus Inc.
- Research funding from Attralus and the NIH.
- AT-02 was provided by Attralus.
- Inventor on IP related to amyloid-reactive antibodies, peptide-antibody fusions, and amyloid imaging peptides.

REFERENCES TO OFF-LABEL USAGE(S) OF PHARMACEUTICALS OR INSTRUMENTS

Nothing to disclose

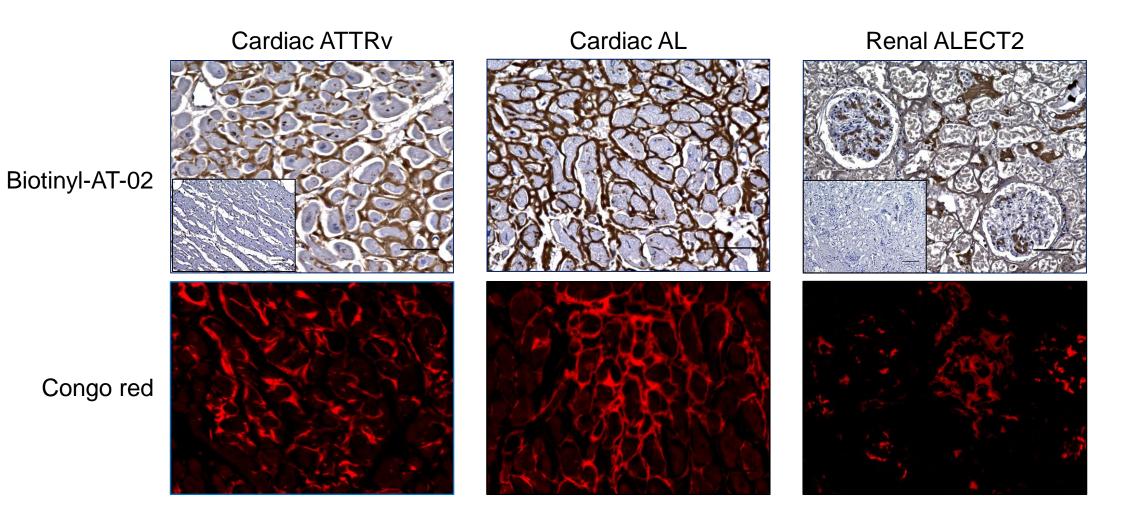
CHARACTERIZATION OF THE PEPTIDE-ANTIBODY FUSION AT-02

STUDIES TO SUPPORT ITS USE AS AN IMMUNOTHERAPY IN PATIENTS WITH AMYLOIDOSIS



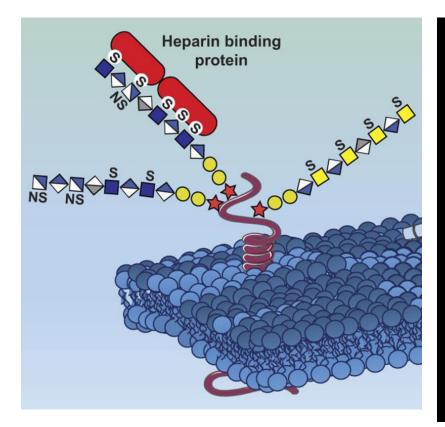
- AT-02 is a humanized IgG1-peptide fusion reagent.
- The pan-amyloid reactive peptide p5R is fused to the C-terminal of the light chain.
- Peptide p5R binds fibrils and hypersulfated glycosaminoglycans via electrostatic interactions.
 - Same peptide technology as the ¹²⁴I-AT-01 and ^{99m}Tc-AT-05 imaging agents which has shown to bind in key organs in patients with many types of amyloid.
- AT-02 was designed to be capable of:
 - 1. Targeting amyloid deposits in vivo.
 - 2. Binding to many types of amyloid.
 - 3. Opsonizing the deposits and promoting macrophagemediated phagocytosis.

AT-02 SPECIFICALLY BINDS AMYLOID IN TISSUE SECTIONS

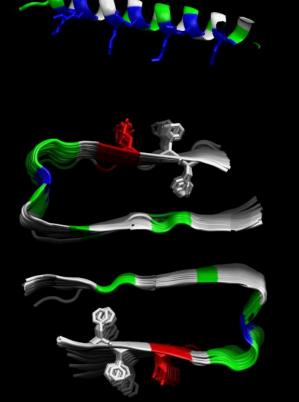


PEPTIDE p5R - LEVERAGE MULTIPLE BINDING SITES WITHIN THE AMYLOID

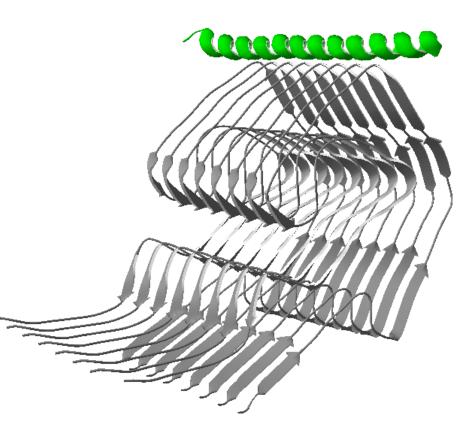
Charged amino acid side chains exposed on the amyloid fibril array



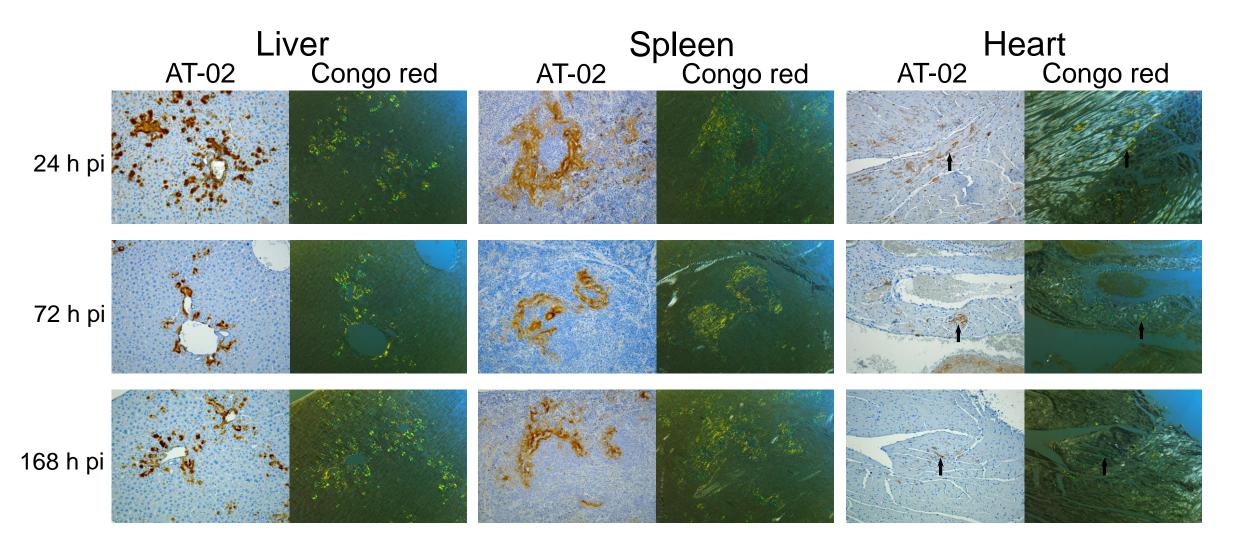
https://doi.org/10.1369/0022155420988661



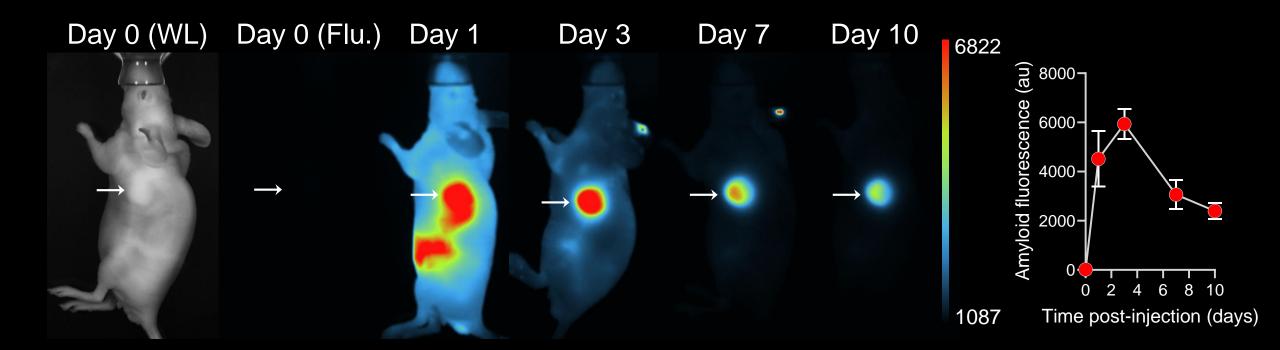
Current hypothesis of peptide-fibril interaction



AT-02 (400 µg INJECTED IV) SPECIFICALLY BINDS AA AMYLOID IN VIVO – AT-02 CAN BE DETECTED IN AMYLOID 7 DAYS pi



FLUOROPHORE-LABELED AT-02 (700 µg INJECTED IP) RAPIDLY BINDS HUMAN AL AMYLOID *IN VIVO*



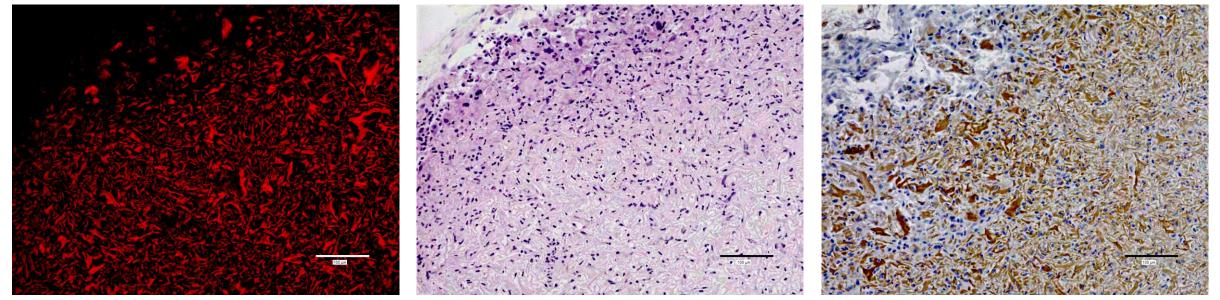
Dylight800-labeled AT-02, injected intraperitoneally (700 µg) colocalizes with human AL amyloid in a murine model of AL amyloidoma. Uptake in the amyloid was assessed by vital optical imaging. Images were quantified using background correction for distribution in non-amyloid regions.

FLUOROPHORE-LABELED AT-02 (700 µg INJECTED IP) BINDS HUMAN AL AMYLOID *IN VIVO*

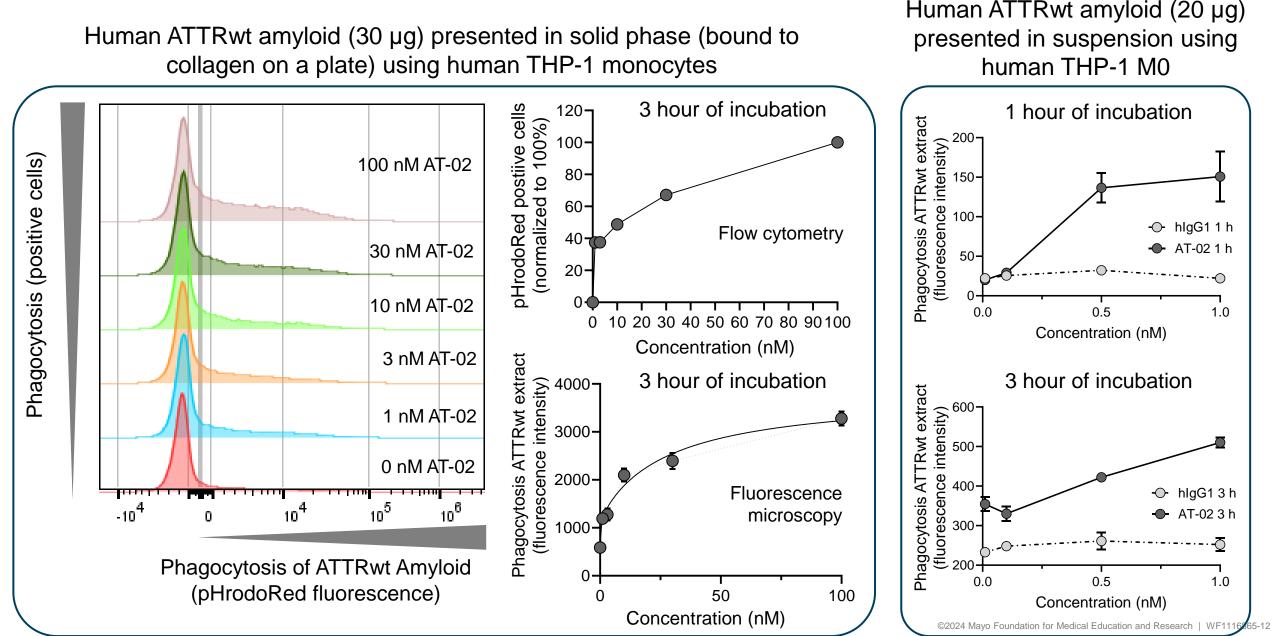
Congo red (flu.)

H&E

Anti-human Fc



AT-02 INDUCES PHAGOCYTOSIS OF AMYLOID



AT-02 INDUCES PHAGOCYTOSIS OF AMYLOID

Activated human THP-1 M0 $(1x10^6) - 90$ min incubation

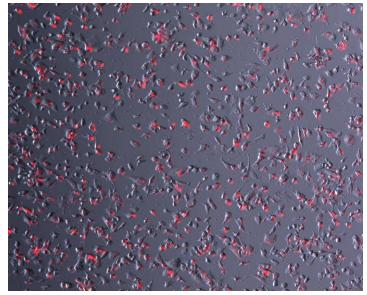
hlgG1 control + AL amyloid



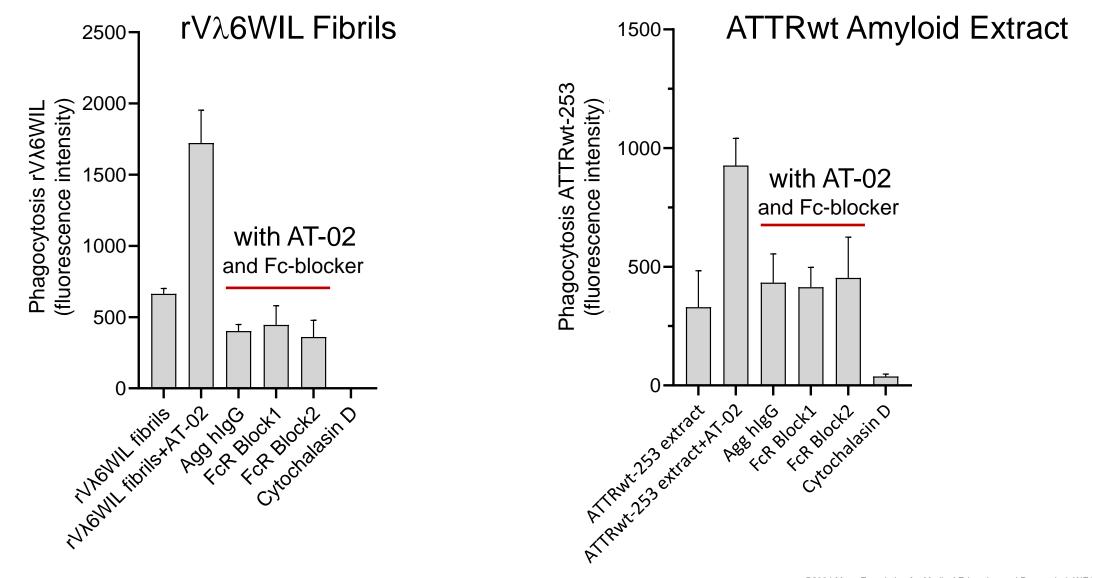
AT-02 + AL amyloid



AT-02 + AL amyloid

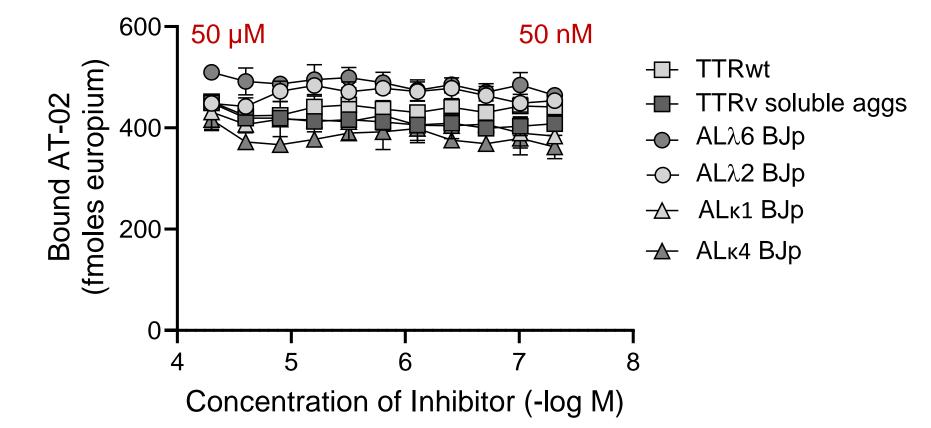


AT-02-INDUCED PHAGOCYTOSIS OF pHrodoRED-AMYLOID IS FcR-DEPENDENT



AT-02 BINDING TO AMYLOID FIBRILS IS NOT INHIBITED BY SOLUBLE PRECURSOR PROTEIN

Precursor proteins (in solution) tested as competitor for AT-02 binding to rVλ6WIL fibrils. AT-02 (0.7 nM constant) with a 30 min pre-incubation at RT with precursor. Fibrils (0.83 μM stock) were dried at 37°C on the plates and the wells blocked with BSA solution. Binding of AT-02 was assessed by ELISA.



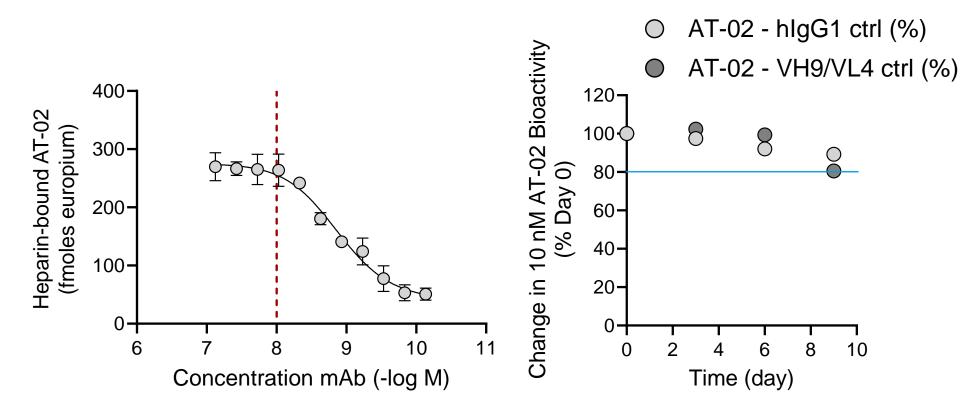
AT-02 RETAINS BIOACTIVITY IN HUMAN SERUM

The reagents were incubated in human serum at 300 nM (\sim 50 µg/mL).

Samples were incubated at 37°C.

Samples were diluted to 10 nM (~1.5 μ g/mL) for ELISA.

Heparin binding was assessed (as a surrogate for amyloid HS) – using hlgG1 and the base antibody (VH9/VL4) as the background control.



SUMMARY

- AT-02 is a novel antibody-peptide fusion protein designed to serve as a pan-amyloid clearing therapeutic.
- AT-02 binds many types of amyloid and amyloid-like fibrils with high potency through electrostatic interactions.
- When injected IV, AT-02 colocalized with murine AA amyloid in the liver, spleen and heart and was detected in amyloid deposits 7 days pi.
- When injected IP, Dylight800-labeled AT-02 rapidly colocalized with human AL amyloid implanted sq and was detected in amyloid deposits 10 days pi.
- AT-02 can enhance phagocytosis of ATTRwt amyloid extracts *in vitro* by human THP-1 monocytes and by PMA-activated human THP-1 cells at doses as low as 0.5 nM.
- AT-02 binding to AL amyloid-like fibrils was not impacted by the presence of amyloid precursor proteins in solution up to 50 µM
- AT-02 showed good stability in human serum at 37°C for 9 days with only modest reduction in bioactivity at the EC90 concentration.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS



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QUESTIONS & ANSWERS

